

**CALENDAR ITEM
INFORMATIONAL
79**

A Statewide

08/19/15
S. Pemberton
M. Moser

S Statewide

**LEGISLATIVE REPORT PROVIDING INFORMATION AND A STATUS UPDATE
CONCERNING STATE AND FEDERAL LEGISLATION RELEVANT TO THE
CALIFORNIA STATE LANDS COMMISSION**

INTRODUCTION:

The purpose of this staff report is to update the State Lands Commission (Commission) on proposed state and federal legislation relevant to the Commission's authority and jurisdiction.

BACKGROUND:

Commission staff is following the progress of approximately 30 bills introduced in the first half of the 2015-16 state legislative session and two bills introduced in the 114th United States Congress. The accompanying exhibit to this staff report lists and summarizes the proposed legislation organized by category, ranging from granted public trust lands, to sea level rise adaptation and climate change preparedness, to oil spill prevention and ballast water/biofouling management.

At its February 20, 2015 meeting the Commission authorized the sponsorship of several legislative proposals and opposition to one federal legislative proposal. The following is an update on these legislative proposals:

SB 141 (McGuire): Humboldt Bay Harbor and Recreation District

This bill addresses an ambiguity in the District's granting statute regarding its authority to dispose of non-sovereign land acquired with trust assets and requires the Commission to be notified before property purchased with trust assets is sold or transferred.

Status: Assembly Third Reading File.

SB 798 (Committee on Natural Resources & Water): Retrocessions and Cessions

This bill amends various statutes governing cessions and retrocessions of legislative jurisdiction over federal lands within California that are in conflict with existing law or in need of consolidation.

Status: Assembly Appropriations Committee.

CALENDAR ITEM NO. 79 (CONT'D)

AB 729 (Atkins): San Diego Unified Port District

This bill is in spot form and intended to be amended to add all tideland and submerged lands in the San Diego Bay and adjacent Pacific Ocean in San Diego County to an existing legislative grant of tideland and submerged lands to the San Diego Unified Port District.

Status: Assembly Rules Committee.

AB 1274 (Stone): Geophysical Surveys on Public Trust Lands

This bill will modernize the statutory authority for the Commission's geophysical survey program, extend permit authority to granted public trust lands, and help address compliance and enforcement concerns by requiring updated implementing regulations and allowing the Commission to issue cease and desist orders to permit violators.

Status: Senate Third Reading File.

AB 1312 (O'Donnell): Ballast Water and Biofouling Management

This bill delays implementation of California's performance standards for vessels that discharge ballast water in state waters, expands the Commission's vessel inspection authority to include biofouling management, and makes clarifying and streamlining changes to various related code sections.

Status: Senate Third Reading File.

S. 373 by Senator Rubio: Vessel Incidental Discharge Act

This bill would preempt California's authority to address vessel discharges, including ballast water, within state waters, which would eliminate the long-standing ability of states to protect their unique state waters from shipping-mediated pollution, the introduction of non-native species, and their devastating economic, human health, and ecological impacts.

Status: Ordered to be reported from the Senate Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation and sent to the House or Senate as a whole for consideration.

At its June 29, 2015 meeting the Commission adopted a support position on AB 1323 (Frazier), that facilitates removal of derelict vessels from state waterways, and AB 888 (Bloom) that prohibits the sale of plastic microplastic beads in personal care products beginning on January 1, 2020. Commission staff has communicated the Commission's support of these bills to their authors and the appropriate legislative committees.

CALENDAR ITEM NO. 79 (CONT'D)

Status: These two bills are in the Senate Appropriations Committee.

In addition, the following bills have been introduced this year that would directly impact the Commission:

- 1) SB 788 (McGuire) would eliminate the Commission's authority to enter into a lease for oil or gas extraction from tide and submerged lands in the California Coastal Sanctuary if the minerals are being drained by producing wells on adjacent federal lands and the lease is in the best interests of the state;
- 2) SB 63 (Hall) would add seaports to the list of Enhanced Infrastructure Financing Districts to facilitate seaport infrastructure financing and would require approval by the Commission before a proposal is submitted to voters for their consideration; and,
- 3) SB 233 (Hertzberg) would amend the California Marine Resources Legacy Act, known as the "rigs-to-reef" program, to designate the Commission as the lead agency for purposes of the California Environmental Quality Act, require that a decision to allow partial decommissioning consider air quality or greenhouse gas emissions, and to make various other modifications to the program.

In regard to oil spills, three state bills were introduced in June 2015 in response to the Refugio Oil Spill that occurred on May 19, 2015, just north of Refugio State Beach in Santa Barbara County. In addition, the Senate created a new select committee on the oil spill and appointed Senator Jackson as chair. The bills introduced in response to the spill include the following:

- AB 864 (Williams): would require the operator of a pipeline in environmentally and ecologically sensitive areas of state waters and along the coasts of those areas to use best achievable technology; specified as the installation of leak detection technology, automatic shut-off valves or remote controlled sectionalized block valves, or a combination thereof, to reduce the amount of oil spilled in the event of a spill. The bill would also require the oil spill contingency plan for these pipelines to include a description of how this best achievable technology would reduce the amount of oil spilled.

Status: approved by the Senate Natural Resources and Water Committee; currently in the Senate Appropriations Committee.

- SB 295 (Jackson): would increase the frequency of intrastate pipeline inspections by requiring the State Fire Marshal to annually inspect all operators of intrastate pipelines under the jurisdiction of the State Fire Marshal. The bill would require pipelines over 5 years of age to be

CALENDAR ITEM NO. 79 (CONT'D)

hydrostatically tested every 2 or 3 years, and would require all designated high-risk pipelines to be tested annually. The bill would also require the State Fire Marshall, to the maximum extent possible, to become an inspection agent by entering into an agreement with the federal Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration, and would require the State Fire Marshall to revise certain fees assessed to cover the costs associated with these new requirements.

Status: approved by the Assembly Environmental Safety and Toxic Material and Assembly Governmental Organization Committees and awaiting consideration in the Assembly Appropriations Committee.

- SB 414 (Jackson): would enact the Rapid Oil Spill Response Act. The bill would create a voluntary program for local fishing vessels and crews to become paid contractors who can immediately respond to oil spills through the Office of Spill Prevention and Response (OSPR). The bill would also place a ban on the use of toxic dispersants for cleaning up oil spills and require OSPR to study the best available technology for oil spill cleanup and use that technology to respond to spills.

Status: approved by the Assembly Government Organization Committee and the Assembly Natural Resources Committee; currently in the Assembly Appropriations Committee.

Commission staff is also monitoring several bills that address climate change preparedness and sea level rise adaptation, and renewable energy production. These bills may have an incidental or corollary effect on the Commission's operations: they include:

- 1) SB 32 (Pavley) would require the Air Resources Board to approve greenhouse gas emissions limits of 40 percent below the 1990 level of emissions by 2030, and 80 percent below the 1990 level by 2050;
- 2) SB 246 (Wieckowski) would establish the Climate Adaptation and Resiliency Program to be administered by the Office of Planning and Research to coordinate state, regional, and local agency efforts to adapt to the impacts of climate change, and would require the California Environmental Protection Agency, the Natural Resources Agency and the Office of Planning and Research to update the 2009 California Climate Adaptation Strategy at regular intervals;
- 3) SB 350 (De Leon and Leno) would enact the "Clean Energy and Pollution Reduction Act of 2015," which establishes targets to reduce petroleum use in motor vehicles by 50% by 2030, double the energy efficiency of buildings by 2030, and increase retail sales of renewable electricity to 50% by 2030 ; and,

CALENDAR ITEM NO. 79 (CONT'D)

- 4) SB 379 (Jackson) would require, upon the next revision of a local hazard mitigation plan after January 1, 2017, or, if the local jurisdiction has not adopted a local hazard mitigation plan, beginning on or before January 1, 2022, require the safety element to be reviewed and updated as necessary to address climate adaptation and resiliency strategies applicable to that city or county. The bill would also require the update to include a set of goals, policies, and objectives based on a vulnerability assessment, identifying the risks that climate change poses to the local jurisdiction and the geographic areas at risk from climate change impacts, and specified information from federal, state, regional, and local agencies.

At the federal level, Commission staff continues to oppose S. 373 by Senator Rubio. Staff has also expressed concern, together with the states of Oregon and Washington, about Senate Amendment 1541 that contains provisions identical to S. 373. Staff will continue to monitor activity at the federal level and work with the California Congressional delegation and other states to preserve California's authority to regulate ballast water discharge and biofouling in state waters.

Commission staff will continue to monitor these bills and any new bills of interest introduced at the state or federal level and update the Commission at future Commission meetings. Below are important deadlines for bills moving through the California legislative process:

- August 28, 2015; the last day for fiscal committees to meet and report bills to the Floor.
- September 11, 2015; the last day for any bill to be passed and is the date of adjournment for the first half of the 2015-16 legislative session.

EXHIBIT:

- A. Legislative Report

Granted Public Trust Lands**AB 367 (Dodd D) Clear Lake.**

Summary: Would appropriate \$2,400,000 to the County of Lake for the purposes of restoring Clear Lake wetlands, maintaining the water quality of Clear Lake, preventing the spread of invasive species to Clear Lake, and controlling and eradicating invasive species in Clear Lake.

Introduced: 2/17/2015

Last Amend: 4/15/2014

Status: 5/29/2015-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(5). (Last location was APPR. on 5/28/2015)

AB 435 (Chang R) California Environmental Protection Agency: Natural Resources Agency: Web casts of public meetings and workshops.

Summary: Would require that each department, board, and commission of the Natural Resources Agency and each department, board, and office of the California Environmental Protection Agency Web cast all onsite public meetings, in a manner that enables listeners and viewers to ask questions and provide public comment by telephone or electronic communication commensurate with those attending the meeting. The bill would require the agencies to make the recording of a Web cast available online for no less than 3 years for subsequent viewing by interested members of the public.

Introduced: 2/19/2015

Last Amend: 6/25/2015

Status: 8/18/2015-Action From SECOND READING: Read second time and amended. Re-referred to APPR..

AB 678 (O'Donnell D) Greenhouse gases: Energy Efficient Ports Program.

Summary: Would require the State Air Resources Board, in conjunction with the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission, to develop and implement the Energy Efficiency and Greenhouse Gas Reductions Ports Program to fund energy efficiency upgrades and investments at public ports. The bill would require a port to develop and adopt an energy plan for the port to receive funding under the program for energy-related projects.

Introduced: 2/25/2015

Last Amend: 7/9/2015

Status: 8/18/2015-Action From SECOND READING: Read second time and amended. Re-referred to APPR..

AB 729 (Atkins D) San Diego Unified Port District: territory held in trust.

Summary: Current law specifies the territory to be included in the district and grants and conveys in trust to the San Diego Unified Port District in the County of San Diego all the right, title, and interest of the State of California acquired by the state pursuant to specified deeds. This bill would make non-substantive changes in those provisions pertaining to the territory held in trust by the San Diego Unified Port District.

Introduced: 2/25/2015

Status: 5/15/2015-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(3). (Last location was PRINT on 2/25/2015)

AB 1033 (Garcia, Eduardo D) Infrastructure financing.

Summary: The Bergeson-Peace Infrastructure and Economic Development Bank Act establishes the California Infrastructure and Economic Development Bank, within the Governor's Office of Business and Economic Development, to be governed by a specified board of directors. The act makes findings and declarations, provides definitions, and authorizes the board to take various actions in connection with the bank, including the

Legislative Report

issuance of bonds, as specified. This bill, among other things, would revise the definition of economic development facilities to include facilities that are used to provide goods movement and would define goods movement-related infrastructure.

Introduced: 2/26/2015

Status: 5/1/2015-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was J., E.D. & E. on 3/19/2015)

SB 63

(Hall D) Seaport infrastructure financing districts.

Summary: Would include port or harbor infrastructure among the projects that may be financed by an enhanced infrastructure financing district. The bill would require a harbor agency to prepare an infrastructure financing plan for a seaport infrastructure financing district, defined as an enhanced infrastructure financing district that finances port or harbor infrastructure. The bill would increase the vote threshold for a seaport infrastructure financing district to issue bonds to 2/3 of the voters, and would provide that for purposes of these voters, a "landowner" includes an entity paying possessory interest tax on state-owned land.

Introduced: 1/5/2015

Last Amend: 6/1/2015

Status: 7/16/2015-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 9. Noes 0.) (July 15). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.

SB 141

(McGuire D) Humboldt Bay Harbor, Recreation, and Conservation District Act: land grants, acquisitions, and dispositions.

Summary: The Humboldt Bay Harbor, Recreation, and Conservation District Act requires that all grants, franchises, leases, permits, rights or privileges be made in accordance with those rules and regulations as the board of commissioners of the district prescribes by resolution, and prohibits irrevocable grants of fee title from being granted or issued. This bill would eliminate that provision prohibiting irrevocable grants of fee title, thereby authorizing these grants subject to the other provisions of the act.

Introduced: 1/26/2015

Last Amend: 6/22/2015

Status: 8/17/2015-Action From THIRD READING: Read third time. Passed Assembly to CONCURRENCE.

SB 399

(Hall D) Tidelands and submerged lands: City of Los Angeles.

Summary: Current law grants to the City of Los Angeles all the right, title, and interest of the State of California in and to all tidelands and submerged lands situated below the line of mean high tide of the Pacific Ocean within the boundaries of the city in trust for certain purposes, including promotion of commerce, navigation, and fishery, and for certain specific uses relating to these purposes. This bill would authorize the City of Los Angeles to renew a franchise or permit on, or lease of, those lands for those specified purposes for an additional term, not to exceed 25 years.

Introduced: 2/25/2015

Last Amend: 7/16/2015

Status: 8/17/2015-Read second time. Ordered to third reading.

SB 562

(Lara D) Infrastructure financing: City of Long Beach Civic Center.

Summary: The Local Agency Public Construction Act prescribes procedures for contracting by local public agencies, including specific provisions for cities. This bill, notwithstanding the act and any other law, would authorize the City of Long Beach to contract and procure a project for the revitalization and redevelopment of the Long Beach Civic Center, as defined, in accordance with prescribed procedures for proposal evaluation and contract award. The bill would authorize the lease of all or a portion of the project to, or ownership by, a private entity or entities, for a term of up to 50 years.

Introduced: 2/26/2015

Last Amend: 6/16/2015

Legislative Report

Status: 8/11/2015-Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 178, Statutes of 2015.

Sovereign and School Lands

AB 298 (**Gonzalez D**) **Fish and wildlife: violations.**

Summary: Would make a violation of a specified regulation relating to marine protected areas, marine managed areas, and special closures an infraction or a misdemeanor, except if (1) the person who violates the regulation holds a commercial fishing license or a commercial passenger fishing boat license or (2) the violation of the regulation occurred within 2 years of a prior violation of the regulation that resulted in a conviction.

Introduced: 2/12/2015

Last Amend: 6/11/2015

Status: 6/30/2015-Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter No. 31

AB 300 (**Alejo D**) **Safe Water and Wildlife Protection Act of 2016.**

Summary: Would enact the Safe Water and Wildlife Protection Act of 2016, which would require the State Water Resources Control Board to establish and coordinate the Algal Bloom Task Force, comprised of specified representatives of state agencies, including the conservancy, in consultation with the Secretary for Environmental Protection, and would prescribe the functions and duties of the task force.

Introduced: 2/12/2015

Last Amend: 8/17/2015

Status: 8/17/2015-From committee chair, with author's amendments: Amend, and re-refer to committee. Read second time, amended, and re-referred to Com. on APPR.

AB 694 (**Rendon D**) **State Coastal Conservancy: low-cost accommodations.**

Summary: Current law authorizes money in the Coastal Access Account to be available, upon appropriation, to the State Coastal Conservancy for grants to public and nonprofit entities for development, maintenance, and operation of new or existing facilities that provide public access to the shoreline of the sea. This bill would authorize "in-lieu" public access fees in the account to be made available, upon appropriation, to the California Coastal Commission for purposes of retaining and developing low-cost accommodations, as defined, along the coast by providing low-interest loans and entering into cost-sharing agreements for the renovation of those facilities

Introduced: 2/25/2015

Last Amend: 4/23/2015

Status: 5/29/2015-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(5). (Last location was APPR. on 5/28/2015)

AB 888 (**Bloom D**) **Waste management: plastic microbeads.**

Summary: Would prohibit, on and after January 1, 2020, a person, as defined, from selling or offering for promotional purposes in this state a personal care product containing plastic microbeads that are used to exfoliate or cleanse in a rinse-off product, as specified. The bill would exempt from those prohibitions the sale or promotional offer of a product containing less than 1 part per million (ppm) by weight of plastic microbeads, as provided. This bill contains other related provisions.

Introduced: 2/26/2015

Last Amend: 4/22/2015

Status: 7/14/2015-Read second time. Ordered to third reading.

AB 1274 (**Stone, Mark D**) **Public lands: geophysical surveys.**

Summary: Would authorize the State Lands Commission to issue permits for geophysical surveys on state lands under its jurisdiction, including granted and ungranted tidelands and submerged lands and the beds of navigable waterways, subject to terms and conditions as

Legislative Report

the commission shall specify to ensure public safety and protection of the environment, and would require the commission to adopt regulations to aid in the implementation of those provisions.

Introduced: 2/27/2015

Last Amend: 7/14/2015

Status: 7/14/2015-Read second time and amended. Ordered to third reading.

AB 1323 (Frazier D) Marine debris: removal and disposal.

Summary: Would authorize a public agency to remove and dispose of after 10 days marine debris, defined as a vessel, or part of a vessel that is unseaworthy and not reasonably fit or capable of being made fit to be used as a means of transportation by water, if that marine debris is floating, sunk, partially sunk, or beached in or on a public waterway, public beach, or on state tidelands or submerged lands, and if the marine debris has no or little value and the public agency provides notice.

Introduced: 2/27/2015

Last Amend: 6/10/2015

Status: 8/18/2015-Action From SECOND READING: Read second time. To THIRD READING.

SB 165 (Monning D) Production or cultivation of a controlled substance: civil penalties.

Summary: Current law imposes various civil penalties for violations of specified provisions of the Fish and Game Code in connection with the production or cultivation of a controlled substance. Current law authorizes the Department of Fish and Wildlife to impose those civil penalties administratively. Current law authorizes the department to adopt regulations to implement these provisions and requires the administrative penalties collected to be apportioned in a specified manner. This bill would impose various additional civil penalties, subject to these provisions, for violations of specified provisions of the Penal Code and the Public Resources Code, in connection with the production or cultivation of a controlled substance.

Introduced: 2/4/2015

Last Amend: 4/14/2015

Status: 8/7/2015-Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 139, Statutes of 2015.

SB 798 (Committee on Natural Resources and Water) Natural resources.

Summary: Current law authorizes the Fish and Game Commission to establish, by regulation, an automatic process to conform its sport fishing regulations to federal regulations. This bill would clarify that specified laws relating to administrative regulations and rulemaking do not apply to the conforming action implemented pursuant to the automatic process described above. This bill contains other related provisions and other current laws.

Introduced: 3/18/2015

Last Amend: 7/8/2015

Status: 7/8/2015-From committee with author's amendments. Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com. on APPR.

SB 805 (Committee on Natural Resources and Water) Natural resources.

Summary: Current law authorizes the Fish and Game Commission to establish, by regulation, an automatic process to conform its sport fishing regulations to federal regulations. This bill would clarify that specified laws relating to administrative regulations and rulemaking do not apply to the conforming action implemented pursuant to the automatic process described above. This bill contains other related provisions and other current laws.

Introduced: 4/9/2015

Status: 5/1/2015-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was N.R. & W. on 4/14/2015)

Oil Spill Prevention / Marine Invasive Species Program**AB 815 (Ridley-Thomas D) Oil spill prevention and response fees: collection.**

Summary: The Lempert-Keene-Seastrand Oil Spill Prevention and Response Act prohibits the oil spill prevention and administration fee from being collected by a marine terminal operator or refinery operator or imposed on the owner of crude oil or petroleum products if the fee has been previously collected or paid on the crude oil or petroleum products at another marine terminal or refinery and, in that case, requires a marine terminal operator, refinery operator, or owner of crude oil or petroleum products to demonstrate that the fee has already been paid. This bill instead would authorize a marine terminal operator or a refinery operator receiving petroleum products derived from crude oil refined in the state to presume the fee has been previously collected.

Introduced: 2/26/2015

Status: 7/15/2015-Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 108, Statutes of 2015.

AB 864 (Williams D) Oil spill response: environmentally and ecologically sensitive areas.

Summary: Would require, by July 1, 2018, the operators of an interstate pipeline near environmentally and ecologically sensitive areas, to use the best achievable technologies to reduce the amount of oil released in an oil spill to protect the state waters and wildlife, and to include a description of the use of those technologies in their oil spill contingency plans. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

Introduced: 2/26/2015

Last Amend: 8/17/2015

Status: 8/17/2015-From committee chair, with author's amendments: Amend, and re-refer to committee. Read second time, amended, and re-referred to Com. on APPR.

AB 1312 (O'Donnell D) Ballast water management.

Summary: Would define the term "port" for purposes of the Marine Invasive Species Act to mean any port or place in which a vessel was, is, or will be anchored or moored, or where a vessel will transfer cargo. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

Introduced: 2/27/2015

Last Amend: 4/15/2015

Status: 7/14/2015-Read second time. Ordered to third reading.

SB 233 (Hertzberg D) Marine resources and preservation.

Summary: The California Marine Resources Legacy Act establishes a program, administered by the Department of Fish and Wildlife, to allow partial removal of offshore oil structures. Before the first application to partially remove an offshore oil structure is filed, this bill would authorize a prospective applicant to pay a portion of the startup costs in an amount determined by the department to be necessary for staff and other costs in anticipation of receipt of the first application. The bill would require an applicant, upon conditional approval for partial removal of an offshore oil structure, to apportion and transmit a portion of the cost savings to the department, instead of to the specified entities and funds.

Introduced: 2/13/2015

Last Amend: 7/16/2015

Status: 7/16/2015-Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com. on APPR.

SB 295 (Jackson D) Pipeline safety: inspections.

Summary: Would require the State Fire Marshal, or an officer or employee authorized by the State Fire Marshal, to annually inspect all operators of intrastate pipelines under the jurisdiction of the State Fire Marshal. The bill would require pipelines over 5 years of age to be hydrostatically tested every 2 or 3 years, and would require all designated high-risk pipelines to be tested annually. The bill would require the State Fire Marshall, to the maximum extent possible, to become an inspection agent by entering into an agreement with the federal Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration.

Legislative Report

Introduced: 2/23/2015

Last Amend: 6/24/2015

Status: 8/17/2015-From committee: Do pass as amended and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 18. Noes 0.) (July 15). (Received at desk July 17 pursuant to JR 61(a)(10))

SB 414 **(Jackson D) Oil spill response.**

Summary: Would require the administrator for oil spill response, in cooperation with the United States Coast Guard, to conduct an independent vessel traffic assessment for all deepwater ports that may inform an area rescue towing plan for the approaches to the ports and to establish a schedule of drills and exercises that are required under the federal Salvage and Marine Firefighting regulations. The bill would require the administrator to develop and implement regulations and guidelines requiring operators to allow immediate response to an oil spill by contracted fishing vessels and fishing crews and providing for emergency drills and training.

Introduced: 2/25/2015

Last Amend: 8/17/2015

Status: 8/17/2015-Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com. on APPR.

Oil, Gas, & Mineral Resources

AB 356 **(Williams D) Oil and gas: groundwater monitoring.**

Summary: Would authorize the State Oil and Gas Supervisor to require a well operator to implement a monitoring program for belowground oil production tanks and facilities, and disposal and injection wells. Because a failure to comply with this requirement would be a crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

Introduced: 2/17/2015

Last Amend: 6/1/2015

Status: 7/17/2015-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(10). (Last location was INACTIVE FILE on 6/11/2015)

SB 20 **(Pavley D) Wells: reports: public availability.**

Summary: Current law requires a person who digs, bores, or drills a water well, cathodic protection well, or a monitoring well, or abandons or destroys a well, or deepens or re-perforates a well, to file a report of completion with the Department of Water Resources. Current law prohibits those reports from being made available to the public, except under certain circumstances. This bill would instead require the department to, upon request, make the reports available to the public. The bill would require the department to provide specified disclaimers when providing the reports to the public.

Introduced: 12/1/2014

Status: 7/17/2015-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(10). (Last location was W.,P. & W. on 6/15/2015)

SB 248 **(Pavley D) Oil and gas.**

Summary: Current law requires the State Oil and Gas Supervisor, on or before the first day of October of each year, to make public a report on specified information. This bill would require the supervisor to establish an inspection program for all activities regulated pursuant to these provisions and would require the total number of inspections and results of the inspections to be included in the above-referenced report. The bill would require the division's regulations, field rules, notices, manuals, and other requirements to be reviewed and revised, as needed, through a public process at least once every 10 years.

Introduced: 2/18/2015

Last Amend: 8/17/2015

Status: 8/17/2015-From committee with author's amendments. Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com. on APPR.

Legislative Report

SB 545 (Jackson D) Oil and gas operations.

Summary: Would require the State Oil and Gas Supervisor to authorize the exploration and production of hydrocarbons, including, among other things, the drilling, operation, maintenance, and abandonment of wells, and the use of enhanced oil recovery methods, as defined, and authorize the supervisor to allow an owner or operator of a well to utilize all known methods and practices to increase the ultimate recovery of hydrocarbons if the supervisor finds that those methods and practices are consistent with existing law. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

Introduced: 2/26/2015

Last Amend: 4/16/2015

Status: 5/29/2015-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(5). (Last location was APPR. on 5/28/2015)

SB 788 (McGuire D) California Coastal Protection Act of 2015.

Summary: The California Coastal Sanctuary Act of 1994 authorizes the State Lands Commission to enter into a lease for the extraction of oil or gas from state-owned tide and submerged lands in the California Coastal Sanctuary if the commission determines that the oil or gas deposits are being drained by means of producing wells upon adjacent federal lands and the lease is in the best interest of the state. This bill would enact the California Coastal Protection Act of 2015, which would delete this authorization. The bill would make related legislative findings and declarations.

Introduced: 2/27/2015

Last Amend: 6/2/2015

Status: 7/15/2015-July 15 set for first hearing. Placed on APPR. suspense file.

Sea Level Rise and Climate Change

AB 1482 (Gordon D) Climate adaptation.

Summary: Would require the Natural Resources Agency, by July 1, 2017, and every 3 years thereafter, to update the state's climate adaptation strategy. The bill would require the agency, in coordination with the Strategic Growth Council, to address the impacts of climate change and climate adaptation by reviewing and coordinating existing grants and programs to maximize specified objectives, including, among others, establishing policy, guidelines, and guidance at the state level to inform planning decisions and ensuring that state investments consider climate change impacts, as well as promote the use of natural systems and natural infrastructure, whenever feasible, when developing physical infrastructure to address adaptation.

Introduced: 2/27/2015

Last Amend: 7/9/2015

Status: 8/17/2015-SEN. APPR. Vote - Placed on Appropriations Suspense file.

SB 32 (Pavley D) California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006: emissions limit.

Summary: Would require the State Air Resources Board to approve a statewide greenhouse gas emission limit that is equivalent to 80% below the 1990 level to be achieved by 2050, as specified. The bill would authorize the state board to adopt interim greenhouse gas emissions level targets to be achieved by 2030 and 2040. The bill also would state the intent of the Legislature for the Legislature and appropriate agencies to adopt complementary policies that ensure long-term emissions reductions advance specified criteria.

Introduced: 12/1/2014

Last Amend: 6/1/2015

Status: 7/14/2015-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 6. Noes 3.) (July 13). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.

Legislative Report

SB 246 (**Wieckowski D**) **Climate Action Team.**

Summary: Would establish the Climate Adaptation and Resiliency Program to be administered by the Office of Planning and Research to coordinate state, regional, and local agency efforts to adapt to the impacts of climate change. The bill would require the California Environmental Protection Agency, the Natural Resources Agency, and the office, no later than January 1, 2017, and every 3 years thereafter, to update the 2009 California Climate Adaptation Strategy.

Introduced: 2/18/2015

Last Amend: 7/1/2015

Status: 7/14/2015-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 8. Noes 1.) (July 13). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.

SB 350 (**De León D**) **Clean Energy and Pollution Reduction Act of 2015.**

Summary: Would require that the amount of electricity generated per year from eligible renewable energy resources be increased to an amount equal to at least 50% by December 31, 2030, and would require the PUC, by January 1, 2017, to establish the quantity of electricity products from eligible renewable energy resources to be procured by each retail seller for specified compliance periods sufficient to ensure that the procurement of electricity products from eligible renewable energy resources achieves 50% of retail sales by December 31, 2030.

Introduced: 2/24/2015

Last Amend: 7/16/2015

Status: 7/16/2015-Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com. on APPR.